

ORDINARY LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE

Follow up to the European Parliament legislative resolution on the proposal for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council implementing enhanced cooperation on the establishment of the Ukraine Support Loan for 2026 and 2027

- 1. Rapporteur:** N/A
- 2. References:** 2026/0008(COD) / C10-0005/2026 / P10_TA(2026)0035
- 3. Date of adoption of the resolution:** 11 February 2026
- 4. Legal basis:** Article 212 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (TFEU)
- 5. Competent Parliamentary Committee:** Committee on Security and Defence (SEDE), Committee on International Trade (INTA), Committee on Budgets (BUDG), Committee on Foreign Affairs (AFET), Committee on Industry, Research and Energy (ITRE)
- 6. Commission's position:** accepts all amendments and endorsed the following statement to the Parliament, read by the Commission in the plenary of 11 February 2026.

Statement to the European Parliament on the implementation of the Ukraine Support Loan for a swift response to Ukraine's urgent needs

The Commission considers that the derogation regime foreseen in Article 13(5) of the Regulation provides the flexibility needed to respond to the specific needs of a country at war. Ukraine's armed forces face urgent requirements for a range of defence products, notably drones but not exclusively. Some of these defence products concern areas where Ukraine's defence industrial base has developed leading-edge competences, including through the assembly of available components sourced from different suppliers.

Where the use of the derogation regime is required for the procurement of large quantities of defence products, the Commission will assess the information reasonably available to Ukraine and verify that the conditions set out in Article 13(5) are fulfilled. For the procurement of large volumes, the Commission will encourage Ukraine to submit a single "Product Schedule", as foreseen in Article 14, covering similar categories of products, such as drones. This approach will ensure that discussions with the Ukraine Defence Industrial Expert Group, as well as the vote

within the Programme Committee, take place only once, thereby ensuring efficiency and speed.

Since the derogation established in Article 13(5) of the Regulation applies in situation where Ukraine is faced with an urgent need for the delivery of a defence product stemming from Russia's war of aggression, the Commission will make use of all the possibilities existing in its own rules of procedures and in Regulation 182/2011 to facilitate the adoption of the implementing decision at a speed that takes into account the level of urgency.

The Commission will also ensure the appropriate confidentiality and classification of information, building on the successful model already implemented under the Security Action for Europe instrument.

The Ukraine Support Loan will not only enable Ukraine to procure the defence products required by its armed forces but will also contribute to the development of Ukraine's defence industrial base, as well as that of the Union, facilitating their mutual integration. This is an essential element in strengthening the long-term security of Ukraine and the EU.

Finally, the Ukraine Support Loan provides the necessary flexibility to respond to Ukraine's evolving needs for budgetary support, whether through macro-financial assistance or the Ukraine Facility, as most appropriate. This flexibility is indispensable in order to address the volatile and unprecedented circumstances of a country fighting a war.