



TEXTS ADOPTED

P10_TA(2026)0308

Genetically modified maize MON 87460

European Parliament resolution of 16 September 2026 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 87460 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (D115874/01 - 2026/2784(RSP))

The European Parliament,

- having regard to the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 87460 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (D115874/01),
- having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed¹, and in particular Article 11(3) and Article 23(3) thereof,
- having regard to the vote of the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed referred to in Article 35 of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003, on 10 June 2026, at which no opinion was delivered, and the vote of the Appeal Committee on 15 July 2026, at which again no opinion was delivered,
- having regard to Article 11 of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 February 2011 laying down the rules and general principles concerning mechanisms for control by Member States of the Commission's exercise of

¹ OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p. 1., ELI: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/reg/2003/1829/oj>.

implementing powers²,

- having regard to the opinion adopted by the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) on 29 October 2025, and published on 8 December 2025³,
- having regard to its previous resolutions objecting to the authorisation of genetically modified organisms (GMOs)⁴,

² OJ L 55, 28.2.2011, p. 13,
ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2011/182/oj>.

³ Scientific opinion of the EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms on the 'Assessment of genetically modified maize MON 87460 for renewal authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 (dossier GMFF-2023-21251)', *EFSA Journal*, 2025, 23(12): e9744, <https://doi.org/10.2903/j.efsa.2025.9744>.

⁴ In its eighth term, Parliament adopted 36 resolutions and, in its ninth term, Parliament adopted 38 resolutions objecting to the authorisation of GMOs. Furthermore, in its tenth term, Parliament has adopted the following resolutions:

- European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/2628 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 89034 × 1507 × NK603 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1797, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1797/oj>).
- European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/2627 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified cotton COT102 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1798, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1798/oj>).
- European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/2629 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 89034 × 1507 × MON 88017 × 59122 and eight of its sub-combinations pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1799, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1799/oj>).

- having regard to Rule 115(2) and (3) of its Rules of Procedure,

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- European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1828 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of feed containing, consisting of and of food and feed products produced from genetically modified maize MON 810 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council and repealing Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/1207 (OJ C, C/2025/1800, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1800/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1822 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP915635 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1801, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1801/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/1826 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP23211 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1802, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1802/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2024/2618 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP202216 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1803, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1803/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 26 November 2024 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 94804 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/1804, 4.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/1804/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 12 February 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP910521 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/2246, 29.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/2246/oj>).

- having regard to the motion for a resolution of the Committee on the Environment, Climate and Food Safety,

A. whereas Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/683⁵ authorised the placing on the market of food and feed containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize MON

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- European Parliament resolution of 12 February 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 95275 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2025/2247, 29.4.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2025/2247/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 8 May 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified soybean MON 87705 × MON 87708 × MON 89788 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/586, 24.2.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/586/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 8 October 2025 on Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2025/1898 of 22 September 2025 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP51291 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/1523, 15.4.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/1523/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DAS1131, pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/1703, 24.4.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/1703/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified cotton MON 88913 (MON-88913-8), pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/1704, 24.4.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/1704/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified oilseed rape MON 88302, pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/1705, 24.4.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/1705/oj>).

87460 (the 'GM maize'); whereas the scope of that authorisation also covered the placing on the market of products other than food and

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- European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2025 on Commission Implementing Decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified soybean MON 87708, pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/1706, 24.4.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/1706/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 25 November 2025 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize MON 87427, pursuant to Regulation No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/1707, 24.4.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/1707/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 16 December 2025 on the draft Commission Implementing Decision of renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize NK603 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/2150, 6.5.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/2150/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 16 December 2025 on the draft Commission Implementing Decision authorising the placing on the market of food, food ingredients and feed produced from genetically modified sugar beet KWS20-1 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/2151, 6.5.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/2151/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 11 February 2026 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified soybean DBN-09004-6 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/3759, 12.8.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/3759/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 11 February 2026 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize T25 (ACS-ZMØØ3-2) pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/3760, 12.8.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/3760/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 11 February 2026 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified cotton GHB614 × LLCotton25 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/3761, 12.8.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/3761/oj>).

feed containing or consisting of the GM maize, for the same uses as any other maize, with the exception of cultivation;

- B. whereas on 11 March 2024, Bayer Agriculture BV, based in Belgium, on behalf of Bayer CropScience LP, based in the United States, submitted an application to the Commission for the renewal of that authorisation;
- C. whereas on 8 December 2025, EFSA issued a favourable scientific

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- European Parliament resolution of 11 February 2026 on the draft Commission implementing decision renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified cotton T304-40 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ C, C/2026/3762, 12.8.2026, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/C/2026/3762/oj>).
 - European Parliament resolution of 29 April 2026 on the draft Commission implementing decision authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified soybean MON 94637 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Texts adopted, P10_TA(2026)0150).
 - European Parliament resolution of 8 July 2026 on the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2026/1417 of 29 June 2026 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize NK603 × T25 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Texts adopted, P10_TA(2026)0263).
 - European Parliament resolution of 8 July 2026 on the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2026/1419 of 29 June 2026 renewing the authorisation for the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified soybean MON 87705 pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Texts adopted, P10_TA(2026)0264).
 - European Parliament resolution of 8 July 2026 on the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2026/1443 of 29 June 2026 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of or produced from genetically modified maize DP202216 x NK603 x DAS-40278-9 and its sub-combinations DP202216 x NK603, DP202216 x DAS-40278-9, pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (Texts adopted, P10_TA(2026)0265).

⁵ Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2015/683 of 24 April 2015 authorising the placing on the market of products containing, consisting of, or produced from genetically modified maize MON 87460 (MON 87460-4) pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council (OJ L 112, 30.4.2015, p. 1, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/dec_impl/2015/683/oj).

opinion on the GM maize, in accordance with Articles 6 and 18 of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003; whereas it concluded that the renewal application did not contain evidence of any new hazards, modified exposure or scientific uncertainties that would change the conclusions of the original risk assessment on the GM maize, published by EFSA in 2012⁶; whereas those opinions did not address several broader environmental, socio-economic, and cumulative impacts which EFSA considers to fall outside its remit;

- D. whereas the GM maize was developed through *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation and expresses the cold shock protein B from *Bacillus subtilis* and neomycin phosphotransferase II (nptII) from *Escherichia coli* to reduce yield loss under water-limited conditions;
- E. whereas the GM maize contains the nptII gene, which is expressed in the plant, conferring resistance to kanamycin and neomycin, which could lead to concerns about transference of antimicrobial resistance;
- F. whereas the risk assessments carried out by EFSA did not include long-term toxicological studies or detailed analysis of cumulative and combinatorial effects, including potential interactions with residues of pesticides commonly used in maize cultivation;
- G. whereas the vast majority of GM crops have been genetically modified so that they are tolerant to one or more 'complementary' herbicides which can be used throughout the cultivation of the GM crop, without the crop dying, as would be the case for a non-herbicide tolerant crop; whereas a number of studies show that herbicide-tolerant GM crops result in a higher use of complementary herbicides, in large part because of the emergence of herbicide-tolerant weeds⁷;
- H. whereas herbicide-tolerant GM crops lock farmers into a weed management system that is largely or wholly dependent on

⁶ 'Scientific Opinion of the EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms on an application (EFSA-GMO-NL-2009-70) for the placing on the market of genetically modified drought tolerant maize MON 87460 for food and feed uses, import and processing under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 from Monsanto', *EFSA Journal*, 2012, 10(11): 2936, <https://doi.org/10.2903/j.efsa.2012.2936>.

⁷ See, for example, Bonny, S., 'Genetically Modified Herbicide-Tolerant Crops, Weeds, and Herbicides: Overview and Impact', *Environmental Management*, January 2016, 57(1), pp. 31-48, <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00267-015-0589-7> and Benbrook, C.M., 'Impacts of genetically engineered crops on pesticide use in the U.S. - the first sixteen years', *Environmental Sciences Europe*, 28 September 2012, Vol. 24(1), <https://doi.org/10.1186/2190-4715-24-24>.

herbicides, and does so by charging a premium for GM seeds while creating a dependency on the use of complementary herbicides as an integral part of the production system; whereas heightened reliance on the complementary herbicides on farms planting the GM maize will accelerate the emergence and spread of weeds resistant to those herbicides, thereby triggering the need for even more herbicide use, a vicious circle known as ‘the herbicide treadmill’; whereas, as a consequence, the adverse impacts stemming from excessive reliance on herbicides will worsen soil health, water quality, and above and below ground biodiversity, as well as leading to increased human and animal exposure, potentially also via increased herbicide residues on food and feed⁸;

- I. whereas assessment of herbicide residues and metabolites found on GM plants is considered outside the remit of the EFSA Panel on Genetically Modified Organisms and is therefore not undertaken as part of the authorisation process for GMOs; whereas this is problematic because the way in which complementary herbicides are broken down by the GM plant concerned, as well as the composition and thus the toxicity of the metabolites, can be impacted by the genetic modification itself⁹;
- J. whereas independent monitoring and surveillance of potential adverse effects on biodiversity, soil health, pollinators and non-target organisms remain insufficiently guaranteed;
- K. whereas the precautionary principle, enshrined in Article 191 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, should apply in cases of scientific uncertainty;
- L. whereas Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 requires that GM food and feed must not have adverse effects on human health, animal health or the environment;
- M. whereas Union renewal of the authorisation of the GM maize would not be consistent with international commitments on pesticide reduction¹⁰, given the increased human, animal and environmental exposure to herbicides in countries which grow GM crops, along with

⁸ See, for example: <https://doi.org/10.1002/ps.8105>, and <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.geoforum.2009.03.009>.

⁹ This is indeed the case for glyphosate, as stated in EFSA ‘Review of the existing maximum residue levels for glyphosate according to Article 12 of Regulation (EC) No 396/2005’, *EFSA Journal*, 2018, 16(5):e05263, p. 12, <https://www.efsa.europa.eu/fr/efsajournal/pub/5263>.

¹⁰ In December 2022 a global framework on biodiversity was agreed at the COP15 of the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity which includes a global target for reducing the risk of pesticides by at least 50 % by 2030 (see: https://ec.europa.eu/commission/presscorner/detail/en/ip_22_7834).

the potentially serious associated health outcomes;

- N. whereas the cultivation of the GM maize is not allowed in the Union;
 - O. whereas the draft Commission implementing decision would continue to allow imports into the Union that do not comply with the standards observed by Union farmers, thereby placing them at a competitive disadvantage;
 - P. whereas the conclusions of the Strategic Dialogue on the Future of EU Agriculture¹¹ call on the Commission to reassess its approach on market access for agri-food imports and exports, given the challenge of diverging standards of the Union and its trading partners; whereas fairer trade relations, at a global level, consistent with goals for a healthy environment were one of the main demands of farmers during the demonstrations of 2023, 2024 and 2025;
 - Q. whereas Parliament has repeatedly stressed that the Commission should not authorise GMOs in cases where no qualified majority is reached by Member States in the Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed or the Appeal Committee, in order to address the persistent democratic deficit;
 - R. whereas despite its own acknowledgement of the democratic shortcomings, the lack of support from Member States and the objections of Parliament, the Commission continues to authorise GMOs;
 - S. whereas the One Health approach requires taking into account the interdependence between human, animal, plant and environmental health when assessing the long-term sustainability and safety of GMOs;
1. Considers that the draft Commission implementing decision exceeds the implementing powers provided for in Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003;
 2. Considers that the draft Commission implementing decision is not consistent with Union law, in that it is incompatible with the aim of Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003, which is, in accordance with the general principles laid down in Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council¹², to provide the basis for

¹¹ https://commission.europa.eu/strategy-and-policy/priorities-2019-2024/european-green-deal/agriculture-and-green-deal/strategic-dialogue-future-eu-agriculture_en.

¹² Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety (OJ L 31, 1.2.2002, p. 1, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2002/178/oj>).

ensuring a high level of protection of human life and health, animal health and welfare, and environmental and consumer interests, in relation to GM food and feed, while ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market;

3. Calls on the Commission to withdraw its draft implementing decision;
4. Calls on the Commission not to renew the authorisation of the GM maize due to the lack of sufficient evidence on long-term impacts on biodiversity, food safety, farmers' livelihoods and animal health, in line with the One Health approach;
5. Calls on the Commission to submit, without delay, a legislative proposal to reform the decision-making procedure on GMOs in order to respond to the consistent objections of Parliament and the lack of qualified majority support among Member States;
6. Highlights, in this regard, that authorising the import for food, feed or products of any GM plant which has been made tolerant to herbicides that are banned in the Union, such as glufosinate, is inconsistent with the Union's international commitments under, inter alia, the United Nations (UN) Convention on Biological Diversity and the UN Sustainable Development Goals, including the Kunming-Montreal Framework, and that it creates an uneven playing field for Union farmers;
7. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Council and the Commission, and to the governments and parliaments of the Member States.